# NORFOLK TALE;

# A JOURNAL

FROM

### LONDON to NORWICH:

WITH

A PROLOGUE and an EPILOGUE.

Primum, ego me illorum, dederim quibus effe poetas, Excerpam numero: neque enim concludere verfum Dixeris effe satis; neque si quis scribat, uti nos, Sermoni propriora, puter bunc effe poëtam.

HORAT. Serm, lib. i. fat. vi.

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## DEDICATION.

TO ONE of the most amiable young
Ladies in Great-Britain, this NORFOLK
TALE is with due respect, addressed and
dedicated by ONE of her greatest Admirers,

The AUTHOR.

London, Jan. 1st, 1792.

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## THE READER.

A DANGEROUS fever, and its consequences, having obliged the Author to spend a great part of last summer and autumn, in the country, for the purpose of recovering a sufficient degree of health to resume his usual severe studies; and some singular occurrences happening to him, on a pedestrian ramble into Norfolk; he amused himself, on the way, in working them up into a fort of poetical Tale.

This is a species of writing, that requires neither great genius, nor hard efforts: losty sentiments and high-sounding words are none of its necessary attributes: its principal characteristics are ease, elegance, and simplicity. If to these some happy classical allusions, some pertinent incidental reslections, and, now and

then

#### TO THE READER.

then, a small dash of indirect and general satire, be added, the flory will have the greater zeft.

How far the following Tale has any of these qualifications, the polithed reader will be the best judge. Farewel.

part of laft from A T A T a in the country,

A DANGEROUS favor, and its confequences,

covering a fufficient deares Page 13, line 11, For, was at reft, read went to reft.

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the sixed Law and laurer's his principal charac-

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22, - 18, - ruin r. rain.

34, - 5, - wall r. walls.

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## A NORFOLK TALE, &c.

### PROLOGUE.

My dear Catharina! I trust you enjoy
Such pleasures, at Weston, as never can cloy;
At least, if such pleasures you can not find there,
I hardly believe you will find them elsewhere.
So charming a pair as your hostess and host,
I know not if England—all England can boast:
And, if envy a crime diabolic were not,
I surely should envy Miss S——'s lot.
But far be a passion so black from the breast
Of a christian poet and catholic priest!
Instead of begrudging your sweet situation,
I offer my heartiest congratulation;
And only ambition a participation.

That happiness once I, this autumn, had hopes
Of tasting;—but doctors are so many Popes,
Who issue their BREVES in a summary way,
And threaten with death, if we do not obey.
One of these, my dear Kit, was directed to me;

With positive orders to bathe in the sea:
And I, like an orthodox patient, to save
My health from perdition, consented to lave
In Ocean's broad tub.—So to Ramsgate I hasten
Just then, when I meant to have travel'd to Weston:

And.

And, now, through a promise I made to Lord PETRE, I'm here—and write hence this extemporé metre.

Wou'd you know how I came?—I'll'tell you that, too, Since nothing, at present, I better can do: First quitting this galloping pace Anapæstic; And trotting hereaster, in short Hudibrastic.

Here endeth the PROLOGUE, and beginneth

### THE JOURNAL.

ON that bless'd day, when pious folk The holy Ethelred invoke, I left great London and the Thames, And, like a pilgrim of St. James, With staff in hand I took my way, And came to Thorndon that same day.

Clean was the road, and clear the air;
My heart was light and void of care:
So, on I push'd; and, ere the sun
Was set, I had to Romford run.
Thence, running still, I got, before
The Pleiads rose, to Newman's door:
And had the pleasure—do not frown—
Of drinking tea with Polly Brown t.

The

<sup>\*</sup> October 17th.

<sup>+</sup> A beautiful young lady of Brentwood.

The parson's son (not the young parson, But t'other tall and jolly garçon)
Would see me now, as it was late,
At least up to the iron gate.

The gate flew open at command:
When, with a lanthorn in my hand,
And guided by a glimm'ring ray
Which through the darkness made its way,
I boldly cross the park—nor fear
Or rams, or bulls, or dogs, or deer.

I call—and Peter hears my call;
And, now, I'm in great Thorndon-Hall:
But what delight can it afford,
Without its Lady and its Lord?
Ev'n tho' the captain try to cheer
Me with his wine, and nappy beer.

I, therefore, at an early hour.
A pair of new laid eggs devour:
Then breathe a pray'r, and foftly creep
Into the arms of balmy fleep.
The god fomniferous quickly fhed
His choicest opiate o'er my head;
While busy fancy on my brain
Paints all our summer scenes again.

Again we tread each fairy way.

Through which we then were wont to stray.

Through shadowy walks, and flow'ry lawns

We seem to frisk like sportive fawns.

Up hill, down dale, o'er mead, o'er heath,

We wander on, 'til out of breath.

Then down upon a bench we sit,

And chat, and laugh, and aim at wit.

At length we part—but with a view, Next morn our rambles to renew.

Next morn arrives—A distant brake
Invites a wider range to take.
"Thither," says Anna, "let us go."
We all reply: "Let it be so."

Adown the park we shape our course:

Pales we break down, and locks we force!

Steep walls we climb! and with a sweep

O'er sive-bar gates we bravely leap!

What tho', fometimes, a wicked peg
Disclose an ancle, or a leg?
No eye profane is by, to stare
Upon a leg or ancle bare.
To modest bards, we all well know,
Much more than that the Muses show:
And priests are bounden to conceal
Whatever fair-ones may reveal.

Blithe we proceed—when, lo! the air
Begins a low'ring face to wear.
Some demon, fure, with jealous eyes
Beheld us happy from the fkies;
And with a threat'ning vifage, bade
A fhow'r of hail-stones us invade.

We feek for shelter—shelter none
We find, until the show'r is gone:
When, wet and weary, we would fain
Get home, the shortest way, again.
That way, alas! in vain we try:
Bars, bolts and mastiss us defy.
And now no subterfuge remains,
But cross a ditch increas'd with rains.

I from

I from a willow pluck a bough,
And o'er the ditch a bridge I throw:
Then take MARIA by the hand,
To lead her to the further strand:
But, oh sad chance! some unseen witch
O'erturns us both into the ditch!
"Kind Heav'ns preserve the fair!" I scream;
Then wake—and find 'tis but a dream.
Deliver'd from ideal pair.

Deliver'd from ideal pain,
I turn myself and dream again.
Us to the parlour Fancy brings;
Where Anna paints and Catho sings:
While I, a mute beside the fire,
With ears and eyes, at once admire.

But when the smiling Queen of Love Sweet Julia comes from her alcove; And, with Apollo, joins our band: Tis paradise in British land!

My two fair pupils next (I thought)
Their well-conn'd Latin leffons brought;
And could, I found, full glibely go
From Dominus to Domino!
And then without a fingle mifs
From Domino to Dominis!
Nay more (which very much admire I)
From amo to amatum iri!

" Courage!" quoth I—" Before next spring " Arma virumque\*, ye shall sing!

" And

<sup>\*</sup> The ladies utmost laudable ambition was, to be able to read Virgil and Homer in the original.

" And two years hence, 'tis mine idea,

"Ye'll lifp Ménin äeide Théa."

Th' apostrophé was hardly o'er

When Mally thunder'd at the door:

"Tis feven o'clock-and fomewhat more."

I curs'd her clack—and try'd again
To catch my dream; but try'd in vain.
Sweet fleep my pillow yields no more;
I therefore, darting on the floor,
With hands and eyes uplifted bleft
Kind Heav'n for fuch refreshing rest:
Pray'd that th' ensuing day to me
Propitious, like the last, might be;
And that, next ev'ning, I might steep
Mine eyes in such another sleep.
Heav'n heard two quarters of my pray'r:
The other two dissolv'd in air!
As, presently, th' event will show—
But I must now to breakfast go:
Th' impatient captain waits below.

While, now, my hungry paunch I cram With bread and tea, and beef and ham:
Notus, uprifing, on his wings
Of wind and rain, a tempest brings,
And, though his fury soon was past,
Such torrents on the ground he cast,
That nothing but a resolution
Like mine could put in execution
A deed so desperate, as dare
Through such impervious tracks to fare.

At ev'ry other step, I stood Inch deep in the tenacious mud:

Thus

Thus dragging, though the difmal way, My weary limbs to Belricay.

And, now, it was to be decreed
Whether I onward should proceed;
Or back to Thorndon-Hall should turn,
And bear the captain's taunts and scorn;
Poetic pride forebade the latter:
So, soon determined was the matter.
The only question then was put,
Whether I should trudge on a-foot?
Or wait, to see if chance or Fate
Would bring a carriage to the gate?

While on this theme I deeply pore,
A chaife comes rattling to the door.
I point—it stops—and, in a minute,
I, and my Omnia are in it.

Another chaife at Chelmsford waited:

And now, by Fortune's smiles elated,

I trusted, she would me befriend

Thenceforward, to my journey's end.

But let not man or woman kind
Trust in a Deity that's blind.
At Braintree, to her great reproach,
She had prepar'd nor chaise nor coach!
And what was still a greater curse,
But sev'n gold orbs were in my purse!
And here I felt, as oft before,
The consequence of being poor.
Whate'er philosophers may say;
From Socrates to Seneca,
By sure experiment we know,
"Tis money makes the mare to go.

As, then, I money could not spare To travel upon horse, or mare;
On the poor shanks, that Nature lent,
I limped on—not quite content.
Yet soon the interposing Muse
Began, as usual, to insuse
Her soothing balm into my breast,
And hall'd all discontent to rest.

And, now, my daring pencil tries
To write a fonnet on YOUR eyes;
And thus enchantingly beguiles
The length of fifteen dirty miles.
At ev'ry milliary flone
I pen'd a stanza—and went on:
Thus, ere I got to the next stage,
With stanzas I had fill'd my page.

Thither Dame Fortune (to her praise Be it rehears'd) had fent a chaise.

I thank her for the boon—and hurry,
Without delay, to sainted Bury\*.

I could, in forty minutes more,
Have reach'd How'rd's hospitable door:
But I had a desire to see,
What wonders might in Bury be.
So feasting on a pound of chine,
And gulping down a pint of wine;
Our Father—and the rest, I said;
Then jump'd into a downy bed.

The

Bury St. Edmund's.

" Long

The pow'r of sleep foon seals mine eyes:
When new fantastic scenes arise.
I dream'd-a foolish dream it was-
A dream that ne'er can come to pass,
I dream'd I was a DUKE—('tis true!)
And had a DUCHESS made of YOU!
What then?—Why then—I'll only fax,
Of you I dream'd, 'till break of day:
When, wake, I found myself alone;
My Dukedom and my Duchess gone:
And that, as when I went to
I still was but—a puny priest!
Again I fleep-and dream-and fee
The Goddess FAME accosting me.
In her left hand the feem'd to hold the warming minis
A trumpet of the pureft gold; danda daid and to gold
And, in her right, the feem'd to hear
A beauteous garland fresh and fair
Compos'd of all the flow'rs that grow
By Jebus, or by Jericho!
with gracious look, the laid that will ening, the local
" For twenty twelvemonths thou half toil'd
"To earn a little honest famo: To earn a little honest famo:
"I come at length to grant thy claim.
" Long as the antient Hebrew page
" Mankind's attention shall engage
" Long as the Son of Amram's laws
" Shall meet with merited applause
" Long as the tones of David's lyre
"All future minstrel's shall admire—
" Long as the Song of Songs shall prove
"That Death is not more strong than Love-
C "I ong

- " Long as Isaiah's style shall be
- " The test of true sublimity-
- " And Jeremiah's plaint remains
- " The first of Elegiac strains-
- " Long as the BIBLE shall be read-
- " This garland shall adorn thy head!
- " And this loud trump's immortal found
- "O'er all the island shall rebound!"

  She said—and on my head she threw

  The wreath—and then her trumpet blew.

Pale Envy heard—and straight arose
A motley crew of critic foes.

There, was the Majoretic Jew;
And Majoretic Christian too:
Zealots of ev'ry feet and fort
From Country, College, Town and Court;
Men of the high church and the low,
With equal fury aim a blow.
A crowd of canting Methodists
Were seen to shake their angry sists:
And Scotch Seceders, from afar,
Declar'd against me holy war.
Ev'n from Hiberma's soil, I see
Some spiteful toads, who spit at me.

Nor are they only Heretics

Who hostile eyes upon me fix.

Papists with Protestants conjoin

My dear-bought fame to undermine.

A friar, there, I could descry
The countertype of obloquy.
Another by his vacant glance
Depictur'd shameless ignorance.

A third,

A third, the fattest of the three, Slander's man-midwife seem'd to be.

One monk---at least I saw no more-Foam'd like a wild Bohemian boar:
But when he dropt his nether lip,
I saw he wanted tusks to rip.

Five Douay-priefts, arm'd cap-a-pee With scraps of School-divinity; Stood ready, at their gen'ral's beck, Their vengeance on my head to wreck.

As many more, upon the plain,
Appear'd from Portugal and Spain.
Each, a stiletto in his hand,
But waited for his lord's command
To strike.——In this unequal strife
I tremble for my fame; nay, life!
A grey-goose quill, in any sense,
Alas! is but a weak defence;
And that was all I had to wield,
Instead of jav'lin, sword, and shield.
Yet, with that weapon in my hand,
I was resolv'd to make a stand:
And swore, that ere they should me kill,
I every drop of ink would spill.

As, like the French, I thus prepare. For only a defensive war;
Old father Jerom, with a beard
As white as drifted snow, appear'd.
A nine-tail'd bull-hide scourge he bore,
With which he wont, in days of yore,
To lash his critic curs.—He said:
"My friend, thou seem'st to be afraid.

1 foon will shew you with what ease

" I can dispel such dogs as these."

Thus having spoke, his scourge he drew,
And rush'd amid th' astonish'd crew:
When it was wonderful to see
With what precipitance they slee.
The holy man thwack, after thwack,
Laid hard on each retiring back:
And happy was the wretch who run
With speed enough the lash to shun.

Thus when the Scythian flaves of old,
(As by historians we are told \*)
Presum'd to take the warlike field,
And arms against their masters wield:
And when the latter, in their rage,
With them were ready to engage;
A chief, experienc'd, to the rest
These seasonable words addrest:

- "Would ye, my friends, your arms oppose
- " To arms, with fuch ignoble foes?
- " Take each a whip into his hand,
- "And thus attack the fervile band."
  Applause ensued,—They quickly throw
  Aside the quiver and the bow:
  And, with an air of haughty scorn,
  Their lances into scourges turn.

These, straight, they brandish—when behold Accomplish'd what had been foretold!

Soon

<sup>\*</sup> See Juftin, b. 2, c. 5.

Soon as the flaves had heard the crash, And seen the waving of the lash, (With which so oft their backs had bled) They trembled—dropt their arms—and sled.

When from the field he thus had chas'd The foe, in mine own hand he plac'd The aweful fcourge—" Take this," he faid,

- " But this, thou need'st no other aid .-
- " If e'er again yon dastard pack
- " Should dare to make a new attack,
- " The very fight of Jerom's lash
- "Thro' thick and thin will make them dash." Canst thou, my CATHARINA, guess

What transports now my soul posses?
Thrice I attempt to grasp his knees,
Thrice from my grasp the phantom slees;
A sourth last effort as I make,
He disappears—and I awake,
In time to see the orient ray
Of Phoebus usher in the day.

I bless myself—and, straight, prepare
To breathe, abroad, the fragrant air.
Sweet was the morn—in ev'ry grove
The wood-lark chaunts his songs of love.
His sleecy care the shepherd leads
To crop the verdure of the meads.
The lowing race, from folds set free,
Are scatter'd o'er the grassy lea:
And all the lab'ring class of men
Are at their daily tasks again.

The sturdy hinds divide their toil:
One nurtures the exhausted soil;

Another,

Another, with a thoughtful brow
And cautious eye, directs the plough;
A third upon the furrow'd plain,
With measur'd steps, deals out the grain;
A fourth with steel tooth'd engine combs
The surface, and the seed intombs:
Intombs—but with a faithful trust
To see it rise again from dust,
At Nature's call.—Yes, ere the moon
Ten times her circling course have run,
Each little death-devoted grain
Shall reproduce itself again,
Ten, yea perhaps an hundred fold;
And proudly wave its ears of gold.

Hail agriculture! though despis'd;
At least by far too little priz'd;
To thee we ultimately owe
The rarest blessings here below.
Ah! would the Georgic muse inspir
Me with a spark of Maro's fire
To sing those blessings!—but, alas!
When gold is by, who values brass?
Dryden and Warton try'd in vain
To emulate the Mantuan strain!

Yet let me at a copy aim: Hear, then, the bard divine exclaim:

- " Thrice happy swains! if they but knew
- " Their bliss !- To them, far from the view
- " Of clashing arms, the faithful earth
- " Pours, from her bounteous bosom, forth
- " A ready maintenance. What tho'
- " They never fee a constant flow

" Of morning vifitors becroud

" Their lofty domes and portals proud?

" What tho'-" \*- I fee, it will not do;

And fo my Journal I purfue,

From rural scenes I now return
To visit martyr'd Edmund's urn:
And, though to faints I seldom pray,
A pray'r I made to Mun, that day.

" Edmund!" faid I, " If thou hast pow'r

" To fend or to with-hold a show'r;

" Let not one drop from heaven fall

" Till I arrive at Fornham-hall."

Whether good Edmund heard or not,
I'm ignorant.—My wish I got:
For such a fine October sky

Was never feen by mortal eye.

f

To Fornham come, though it was noon,
I found its folks at their disjune t.
The landlord's felf and Lady Befs,
A nabob and his nabob efs;
Sir William and Sir William's brother,
Another yet, and yet another
Newmarket-man, full fix feet high,
Made up the goodly company.

And now our belles and beaux divide

Their pastimes—Some on horse-back ride;

Some

<sup>\*</sup> O fortunos nimium, fua fi bona norint,
Agricolas! &c.—See Virgil's Georgies, b. 2, v. 458, &c.
† I have taken the liberty to coin this word; but perfectly according to the Horatian precept.—Alias, breakfast.

Some drive in curricles; and fome
To death the harmless partridge doom:
1, like a Stoic, walk around;
And meditate on truths profound.

murky

At length Eve's mulky curtain fails, And healthful hunger homeward calls. Again we're altogether met, And at a plenteous table fet.

You know all Englishmen are sour,
Till they have guttled half an hour:
And Englishwomen are so meek,
While men are dumb, they will not speak!
How much unlike the French, who ply
Their nimble tongues eternally?

Thus thirty minutes mute and grave
We fat and swill'd—So Heav'n me save!
Three plates exchang'd, three brummers past,
We pause—and ope our mouths at last I
And, thence, until the sweat-meats come,
We are not altogether dumb.
But when the fair-ones skip'd away
So gracefully to sip their tea;
And to compensate for the time
Their silver tongues had ceas'd to chime;
A pour of frozen words broke forth
As thick as hail-stones from the North.

- Howard! that's dumn'd good wine; I fay,
- "That's damn'd good wine."-" My dog, to day
- · Behaved most damnably."—I shot
- " With damn'd bad luck; nay, did I not?"
- "Twas a dann'd clever horse; and yet,
- " His mafter, denme, lost his bet."

ff Well

- " Well, Lady Mary is, I fwear,
- " As damn'd a prude, as breathes the air-
- " Damn'd pretty tho'?"-" Damnation! she?
- " A plainer face you'll hardly fee."
- " The P\* of W\*, fay what they will,
- " Is, in my mind, and will be still,
- " A damn'd fine youth !"-" So fhould I think,
- " If damnably he did not drink."
- ". The Duke of \*\*, let me tell ye,
- " Is a damn'd tirefome, teazing fellow!"
- " But that he's damn'd polite, don't you
- "Agree?"—" Nay, demmé, if I do."
  Such, in this fashionable nation,
  Is fashionable conversation!
  Now, Kit, as I'm no man of fashion,
  I had no very pow'rful passion,
  To take a part (poor shabby dog)
  In this important dialogue:
  So, quietly, I took my glass,
  And let the wordy tempest pass.
  For, now, of Bourdeaux-juice the force,
  Had open'd ev'ry vocal source:
  And, ere the sisteenth draught was o'er,

Three spoke at once—and sometimes, four.

Thus they employ'd, I have the grace
A lucky moment to embrace,
And steal to bed; where snug I lay
Till nine o'clock the following day.!

Eight score of surlongs yet I had
To traverse—and the ways were bad.

Not Israel's discontented host

Such defarts met, on Edom's coast!

7411

Nor was there on the dreary ground A drop of Manna to be found.

Two hours I thus my course pursue, When, unexpected, to my view Appears a town of antient same: But Thetsord is its modern name.

Here, I opin'd, poor cred'lous man,
I was not far from my Chanaan:
And that the river Thet might be
A Jordan, possibly, to me!
Judge, then, what was my great surprise,
When, passing on, I rais'd mine eyes,
And saw I had to travel o'er
A greater desart than before.

My legs and patience now begun
To fail alike—The downward fun
Was hast'ning to his spouse's bed:
The ruin beat heavy on my head:
Nor could I find a guide to tell
Which was the road to heaven or hell.
The very Muse, who e'er till now
Had eas'd my mind, and smooth'd my brow;
Abandon'd me, this critic time:
For who can in a desart rhime?

But Heav'n has kindly will'd, that still Some good attend each human ill.

The sun, is if to chear the way Again shot forth his ev'ning ray.

The rain had laid the dust so low. That scarce a particle could blow:

And though I could not poetize,

I might, at least, philosophize.

Philo-

Philosophizing, on I go; Nor very quick, nor very slow: For such, as I conjecture was The true Peripatetic pas.

Two parafangas measur'd o'er,

I see a mansion me before,

Embosom'd in a wood.—" Ah! hah!"

I cry, " Ensin te viala!" Voila!"

No Palmer e'er with more delight

Beheld the long-expected sight

Of dear Ferusalem, than I

This often-look'd-for mansion spy.

I double now my pace; and, straight,

I find myself at Eden's gate:

My bliss to render more compleat,

A greeting angel there I meet:

O! how unlike to him who, plac'd

At Eden's gate, our parents chas'd!

No flaming fword my angel bore;
But all the charms of beauty wore!
'Twas Julia's felf.—Next in the Hall
I hear your fifter-kittens bawl
A hearty welcome.—Then comes home
The noble Master of the dome:
To whom your humble poet owes
Life, health, and undiffurb'd repose.

This word repose puts me in mind,
My pen a little rest should find.
Five hundred lines, and somewhat more,
It has already scribbled o'er:
And that's enough at any time,
To scribble, or in prose or rhime.

D 2

Befides,

Besides, this is the Sabbath day; When poets should not rhime---but pray! Just now, I hear the chapel-bell---So, 'till to-morrow, Kit! farewell.

### PART SECOND.

AH me! how short are human views?

Last week I bargain'd with the Muse
To finish at another sitting
My Norfolk Journal; little witting
That I so soon should undertake
Another pilgrimage to make.

On Sunday morn, foon as the priest Had said his Ite, missa est \*:

Some spirit whisper'd in mine ear:

" The city Norwich now is near!

"The weather's fair, the roads are dry!

"Thither what hinders thee to hie?"
This fudden impulse I obey,

Snatch up my stick, and walk away.

Five dreary miles of moor I pace, Nor see a single human face: Yet through this desert, be it known, I did not travel all alone, Still went the faithful muse along; Still Catherina was the song.

But

<sup>\*</sup> The last words of the Mass.

But though a fong may feed the mind,
The body other food must find:
So now, to Wotton come, I eat
A morsel of terrestrial meat:
Then, appetite appeas'd, again
Resume my journey and my strain;
Till interrupted by the rain.

'Twas in the middle of a down,
Remote from village or from town,
Where a black-bellied cloud outshed
Its dire contents upon my head:
And I, alas! poor luckless fellow
Had neither great coat nor umbrella.

In this distress, on my left hand,
I see a little cottage stand:
With joy I see; and helter-skelter
I to the cottage run for shelter.
The door was open—In I go;
But ah! my Kit! what scenes of woe
Present themselves?——First on a bed
A husband, in his prime, lies dead:
Lies dead, with scarce a rag to hide
His lifeless limbs.——At the bed-side
A weeping widow sits and sighs,
And lists to Heaven her piteous eyes:
While three sweet orphans, round her, cry
For bread, which she cannot supply.

- " O God! (faid I, and rubb'd my brow)
- " Why have I not a fortune now?
- " But can I nothing-nothing give,
- " These fellow-creatures to relieve?

" Yes!

" Yes !- I can give a shroud to lay

" That naked corfe in kindred clay.

" Yes !- I can give, wherewith to fave

" His wife and children from the grave,

" This week-The next, kind Heav'n may fend

"A richer, not more feeling friend."
So faying, from my purse I drew
And on the lap of forrow threw

Three filver crowns-twas all I fwear,

My little scanty fob could spare!

Eager she feiz'd my hand and prest It closely to her throbbing breast: And while it on her bosom lies, A pair of pearls drop from her eyes, Warm as the weeper's grateful heart, And fall on the uncover'd part. Dear drops! ah! could your briny stain A lasting mark on me remain; Not Francis' Stigmata \* would be A cause of jealousy to me! Two other drops, before they fell, (Yes, Kit! I'm not asham'd to tell) I intercept, as down they flow Her cheeks, that now begin to glow: My face upon her face I fix; And with her tears my tears I mix.

And now the heav'ns appear'd ferene,
As if to witness this last scene;

And

<sup>\*</sup> See the Legend in Bonaventure, or the Roman Breviary.

And Sol feem'd willing to repay His absence with a brighter ray, Than usual at the close of day.

Three miles, I ween, or nearly fo, To Hingham, yet I had to go:
But ne'er was such a space of ground
Less tiresome to a trav'ler sound.
Tho' cold, and wetted to the skin,
I selt a sostering slame within,
Which made me totally forget
That I was cold! that I was wet!

JESUS of Nazareth! how true
The doctrine first announc'd by you!
Whether, in a disciple's name,
We, for a cup of water claim
A recompense; or for a store
Bestow'd of the most precious ore;
This ore, that cup, ev'n here on earth,
Are recompens'd beyond their worth.
Can there a greater boon be giv'n
To mortal man by bounteous Heav'n,
Than the delight supreme that flows
From mitigating human woes i

Here, for a moment, let me pause; And think on the mysterious laws Of Providence; whose wond rous chain No human wisdom can explain.

Had I, that morn, refus'd to hear
The fpirit whifp'ring in mine ear
"Proceed to Norwich."—Had I gone
At any other hour, but One.—

Had

Had not keen hunger made me stay An hour, at Watton, on my way-I should have pass'd the dismal down, Before the skies began to frown .-Or, had that providential show'r Fallen at any other hour, I to the cottage had not run That providential show'r to shun! Or had I been a man of gold, And in a gilded chariot loll'd; I should have pass'd the lonesome plain, Regardless of the falling rain; And, confequently, ne'er had been A witness of the 'foresaid scene: Nor had the happiness to fay: " My friends! I have not loft a day." Thus musing on, short seem'd the way To Hingham; where, that night, I lay. Delightful night !- A blazing fire Prevented, first, my first desire. Next the kind landlord, quick as thought. A change of raiment to me brought. Then at his all-commanding word A chicken smoak'd upon the board. Two pints of Nogg\*, fo flout and brown The frugal entertainment crown. And now the fmiling hostess led Me to a clean well-feafon'd bed:

In.

<sup>\*</sup> A species of ale peculiar, I believe, to Norfolk.

In which, with a maternal care, Herself, she tuck'd me!-Who will dare To fay, there was or fin or shame In what was done by this good dame?

No foporific draught or pill Was wanting, now, mine eyes to feal: Ne'er did the Pow'r of fleep dispense His gifts with more munificence: Elyfian landfcapes, all the night, Engag'd my visionary sight: Nought, but the rapture of St. PAUL, Can give a notion of them all!

For, as the great Apostle, caught Up into Paradife, was taught Such things as human speech in vain Would try to utter, and explain: So, (all due difference confess'd) 'Twixt an apostle and a priest) I think no human pen can draw A sketch of what, that night, I saw. Suffice it, then, my friend, to fay: "Twas pure, pure joy; without allay."

From this illusion wak'd, I hear The found of watchful chanticleer, Calling the fluggard to his work. I hear; and light as any cork, At his memento, up I fpring; And on, my now-dry garments fling. The morning hymn dispatch'd, I pay Last evening's score—and march away.

The ruddy, rofy-finger'd dawn Had now befpangled ev'ry lawn -10 K

With drops of hoar autumnal dew,
Approaching to a filver hue.
And Phoebus, rifing from his bed,
A more than common lustre shed.
Two miles in contemplation sweet

Two miles in contemplation sweet

I measure; when, behold! I meet

A wood-land nymph—for such to me

The beauteous rustic seem'd to be—

Whose shape and size, and air and mien

Might suit a countess, or a queen.

On my approach, the stopt and faid:

- " Good morrow, fir !- I am afraid
- "You'll think me pert—It is not fo;
- " But now to feek a place I go: Was All Man A comi gu
- " And it is fortunate, they fay, named as against don?
- "To meet a man at early day bar , rettin or wit blind W
- " God fend thee luck, my pretty maid!" and the T
- "But will you—will you—" fhe replied, on dailed."

  Pledge me a kife?" and turn'd afide.

Her blushing face.—It may be guess'd

- " Thee any good, thou shalt have two:
- " And may they both an earnest be assemble of the allied
- " Of luck and happiness to thee!" as addit bas a sound I

So faying, on her lips I lay and I can seeman and the My lips.—Say, Catharina, fay a value was and had

Could I do less?—By yonder Heav'n,

A chafter kifs was never giv'n. - 51001 a minera had

Again we interchange good days : 11-vior white out I

Shake hands, and take our diff rent ways.

Yet, twice I found myself inclin'd
To stop, and turn, and look behind:
And what is singular, tho' true,
The russic look'd behind her, too,
At the same time!—Let any man
Account for this, the best he can:
Hartley, perhaps, or Sterne might guess
Th' association—more or less.

At Barford-cock, I stop, to break
My fast upon a mutton-steak:
For unsubstantial toast and tea
Are not for travellers like me.

O happy days of good queen Bess!

When maidens made their morning mess
On beef, and ham, and amber-ale!

How could such feeding maidens fail

To be the mothers of a race
Of men?—Now scarce a single trace
Of antient motherhood remains,

Degen'rate Britain! on thy plains.

That weed, accurs'd, from China brought
This metamorphosis has wrought!

But why need poets vent their ire?

Women will have what they desire:
And, if their wish should ever be,
For arsenic, to part with tea,
We, men, of tea would soon be sick,
And quaff large draughts of arsenic!
So true it is, with greatest ease,
Ye make us—whatsoe'er ye please.

But, lest you say, I now indite

A libel; not a Journal write:

I'll check my muse and quit my pen; And rise and take the road again.

So well my limbs I ply'd, that ere]
The fun had reach'd his mid career,
I faw, with pleafure and furprize
The beauteous tow'rs of Norwich rife:
And in eleven minutes more,
I found myself at Suffield's door:
And thus, my Norwich journey o'er.

Not so my Tale—I have to tell.

All that at Norwich me befell;

And all that happen'd on the road,

Which, back to Buckingham, I trod:

So pray for patience and prepare

Thy bard's garrulity to bear.

Of all the cities I have feen
(And few their number has not been)
This Norwich is the oddeft: whether
View'd in its parts, or altogether.

And first its fite—No situation
Can it surpass, in any nation.
Neither too low, nor yet too high,
Nor over-moist, nor over-dry:
Inclining to the morning ray
Of the resulgent lord of day;
By pleasant views and villas bounded,
By shelt'ring hills and woods surrounded:
Above, a wide expanse of fields
A pure and constant fragrance yields;
Below, two silver streamlets meet,
And lay their tribute at its feet.

Then

Then fee its thirty \* temples rife Each of a diff'rent form and fize: And, in the center, foaring high'r Than all the rest, the papal spiret. Not only PETER, PAUL and JAMES, With other apostolic names, Have here their dedicated piles: But Austin, Martin, Alban, Giles, Bede, Bennet, Bernard, He t, who chose To pull the devil by the nofe, And the stern mitred Priest |, who fell A victim to mistaken zeal; Swithin, the wat'ry faint-In short You'd think that all the heav'nly court Had quitted their superior sphere To fix their tabernacles here!

While Norwich-fouls are thus protected,
Think not their bodies are neglected:
Three plenteous markets them supply
With ev'ry fort of luxury:
And Suffield, with a skill divine,
Provides them with the best of wine.

The freets—they cannot well be faid To merit praise: they're badly laid; Crooked, unequal and uneven, And rugged, as the path to heaven.

Befide

<sup>\*</sup> They are faid to be 36.

<sup>+</sup> The Cathedral.

<sup>1</sup> St. Dunstan.

<sup>||</sup> Becket.

Beside the town, a eastle stands,
Which all th' adjacent plain commands.
Some victor's hand first rais'd the mound
And sank the frightful sosse around,
Rear'd walkand battlements, to awe
His vanquish'd slaves—Now juster law
Employs it to a better use,
Tho' not, perhaps, without abuse.
Indeed my heart could not but feel,
At the sole sight of this Bastille;
Where, after Howard's horrid plan,
Each hole contains one hapless man.
I therefore haste away to find,
Objects more pleasing to my mind.

Nor long the fearch—A terrace falls

With gentle flope from those dread walls,

Where Beauty holds its daily court,

And all the Norwich belles resort.

And, now, could my poor pencil trace

The charms of each bewitching face

That there appear'd—ev'n Charles's groupe

Of B ish belles, to mine would stoop.

Ah! Catherina! had you feen

A Rigby tripping oe'r the green;

You would have sworn——'Twas Beauty's queen.

Nor is it merely outfide show

That here attracts the wond'ring beau:

Their minds they cultivate with care;

Are wife and virtuous; as they're fair!

. S. S. O. S. S. V. EMMA!

EMMA! let me my homage pay
To thy, too partial, friendly lay:
That bade my Latin Sapphics wear
An English dress, most rich and rare.
Long may thy quill, with due applause,
Be brandish'd in fair Freedom's cause.

Next I would tell, (if I had time
To spend in multiplying rhime)
What friendship to myself was shown,
Although a stranger and unknown:
And how I pass'd a four days space
In, or about, that charming place.
This much, however, let me say,
(I'll say it to my dying day)
That greater kindness could not be
Confer'd, than was confer'd on me.
Suffield! what debts are due to thee.

But homeward, now, I must return;
Therefore, betimes, on Friday morn,
I lift my legs, and take my route
By Wyndham, tho' some miles about.
For bards and belles, both equally
Love charming, sweet variety.

In truth, a more delightful way
Than that which now before me lay,
Was never trod by human feet.
But no adventures, here, I meet.

At

This Lady had translated a Latin Ode of the Author's, On Gallic Freedom.

At Wyndham, nature seem'd to want
Rest and refreshment; these I grant:
Then with recruited strength pursue
My journey—thinking oft of you.

At Attlebury I arrive,

Just as the clocks were striking five:

And there resolve (or wrong or right)

To stop, and sup, and pass the night.

Nor had I reason to repent;

I pass'd the night with great content.

The land-lord was a hearty fellow;

And he and I got almost mellow:

That is, we both had quantum suff.

In other words—had quite enough.

From worshipping the Pow'r of wine,

I go to bend at Morpheus' shrine;

Who quickly to my suit attends;

For he and Bacchus are good friends.

Wrapt in his friendly cloak I lay

Till Sol brought up the following day;

Then took to Lallingford my way.

As o'er unpeopled plains I hie,

A fullen cloud obscures the sky;

Nor is there, near, a single shed

From pending rain to save my head.

But, looking further on, I see

A solitary tusted tree:

To it I run—when, coming nigh,

Standing beneath its shade I spy

A spectre; such as ne'er before

Had I beheld.—The spectre wore

An aspect similar, in view,
To that which Saavadra drew:
Save that his head no helmet press'd;
Nor corstet beam'd upon his breast:
Au reste, not De la Mancha's knight
Exhibited a stranger sight.

Like, as a shepherd's boy, who sees
The gath'ring storm, and from it slees
To the next cave; if there he find
Some raw-boned hungry wolf reclin'd,
Watching for prey—he stops and stares,
And neither back nor forward dares
To move.—So now, my Kit, when I
On this grim figure cast mine eye,
Amaz'd I stood, nor dared to face
This relick of the Anak race.

He faw my pain, and, grinning, faid:

- " Dear Joy! of me be not afraid;
- " My haggard form and tawny fkin
- " Have nought malevolent within:
- " And if you like to hear my story;
- "Come here—I'll lay it all before ye."
  On this my terrors me forfake;
  And, by his fide my place I take,

Under the tree; when the tall man

Ope'd his wide mouth, and thus began:

- " Think not, my friend, you do not fee
- " A true-born gentleman in me:
- " Of a most antient race I'm come;
- " And Corke, in Ireland, is my home;
- " I should have faid, it was For, by
- " St. Patrick, dev'l a home have I.

Borne raw-boned hungs

- " A small estate fell to my share;
- " That is, it should have fall'n, my dear!
- " But a damn'd Protestant gainstood
- " My claim-tho' mine own flesh and blood!
- "And prov'd, by law, and long debate,
- " That his, not mine, was mine estate! "Well then, said I, since it is so,
- " I to some foreign clime must go;
- " For how, by Jesus, could I brook
- " To fee a vile Herétic rook
- " Build in my nest; which e'er had been
- " Till then, most catholic and clean?
  " So, quitting Corke, I cross the main,
- " And fix my refidence in Spain;
- "Where I might count my beads and pray
- " According to th' old-fashion'd way da to all the sail I
- " But as I lov'd to fight ind'ye hear ! ....
- " I lifted as a grenadier: and add no beat well a
- " And many a hard and heavy blow to bregged all
- " I've giv'n, and taken from the foe, the won said "
- " By land and fea; as great O'Reilly,
- "If he were yet alive, could tell ye. I and and "
  "I was ('tis now fome fifteen years); yet bids at
- " At the bombardment of Algiers : ym obit aid yd bulk
- " And dev'l a foldier there that day, a soul oil robid
- " Behav'd more bravely that I'll fay. shi we'll hand
- But when those foolish Frenchmen phaw!
- " Crillon --- and --- D' Arcon, --- and --- Naffau,
- " Made us believe they could perform the from a 10 "
- " Great feats, and your Gibraltar ftorm!
- " I went among the luckless band and swall have I !

Hand A 19

"That one of their curs'd batt'ries mann'd.

" Now,

" Now, enward to the rock we row,

" And are prepar'd our bombs to throw,

"When one of Elliot's hell-hot balls

" Upon our floating castle falls."

" In vain we tried to quench the flame,

" Another glowing bullet came;

" And ere its hiffing was abated,

" A third and fourth upon us waited.

" By heav'ns, faid I, this is not fair : " and and and and and

" Scarce faid, we bounce into the air!

" And had not gallant Curtis brought

Us instant aid, there's not a doubt

" But we had all been drown'd that day:

" Hence, for his foul I'll ever pray;

" And hope in Christ, when he turns fick,

" He'll turn an honest Catholic:

" For, faith, I should be wond'rous griev'd

" To fee the man who me reliev'd

" On fuch a dreadful urgency,

" Be damn'd to all eternity.

" But though my life was fav'd, you fee,

" My dear! how maim'd a man I be;

" Yet this with patience I had borne,

" Nor ever thought of a return

" To Ireland, if the Spanish king 1

" Had not promulgated a thing shall and you and all a

" Call'd an Edito, in that nation ;

" (I think ye call it proclamation)

" Now this promulgamento fays,

" That he who, in a month of days,

" Will not make oath that he receives,

" As faith, whate'er the church believes;

F2 al mored

" And

- " And then, moreover, and also
- " His native country to forego
- " For evermore—must not remain
- " Longer, one fingle day, in Spain.
  " Now, 'pon my shoul, I could not bear
- " To pocket this absurd affair:
- " For why, as good a Roman, I,
- " As his Hispannic majesty,
- " Should be oblig'd to fwear by God,
- " That what I am, I am is odd!
- "And then to force one, (to be fure)
- " One's native country to abjure,
- " Is a tyrannic deed—Altho'
- " I nothing to my country owe:
- " I never can nor will endure
- " My native country to abjure.
  " Besides, at this bless'd present time,
- " I'm told it is no penal crime
- " To be a Catholic-And fo,
- " Once more to native Corke I go:
- " Where though the law should not insure
- " My right of primogeniture,
- " And give me back what law, they fay,
- " From me took lawfully away;
- " One boon at least, I yet may crave---
- " To lie in my forefathers grave ";
- "Where forty generations lie,
- " Of greater men than you or I.

" I hope,

Well not make oath that he receives.

<sup>\*</sup> Even this last favour was denied to the Irish Catholics, before the year 1767.

- " I hope, and truft, my dear! you won't
- " Consider this as an affront;
- " When I, when I to you reveal.
- " That my paternal name's O'NEEL."
  - " O'NEEL!" faid I-" He were to blame
- " Who would not rev'rence that great name;
- " Give me your hand; and tell me plain,
- " What riches have you reap'd in Spain?"
  - " Riches!" faid he-" Indeed, my dear!
- " You make me laugh-'fore God I fwear,
- "Tho' it be thirty years and more,
- " Since Phelim first a firelock bore
- " In Spain's behalf, and all that time
- "Was never charg'd with any crime:
- " And tho' for Spain he oft has shed
- " His precious blood, and risk'd his head,
- " Nought has he gain'd, in all her wars;
- " Save honour, and a deal of fcars!
- " But fcars and honour, let me tell ye,
- Will never fill a hungry belly.
- " And, now, had not that good old man,
- " At Norwich there, found out a plan
- " To fuccour travellers like me,
- " I ne'er could Corke or Ireland fee ....
- " By JESUS, 'tis a piteous thing
- "To be the flave of any king!"

  I nodded firm affent—when, lo!

  Appear'd, at last, the colour'd bow,

Good Pharm for its might nower;

a had fought his banks over and a

<sup>\*</sup> Phelim had received money from the Society of Univerfal Good Will at Norwich, to carry him to Liverpool. The Father of that Society is the amiable Dr. Murray.

In the north-west—and soon the sky Resum'd its sweet serenity.

"Phelim!" faid I, "let us proceed "While it is fair."—Phelim agreed:
So on we march as fast's we can,
And get to Lallingford, by one.

Where the King's head exalted fwings, (Why thus profane the heads of kings?)
We stop and call—and at a word,
A smoaking joint stands on the board;
A joint of mutton, garnish'd round
With sweet potatoes, nicely brown'd.

" Phelim!" faid I, " fall on, nor spare; " To pay the cost, be it my care." Phelim, long us'd to handle fteel, Attack'd the joint with warlike zeal; And I, tho' not a foldier bred, By Phelim's brave example led, Brandish'd my shining blade, with more Desterity that e'er before: Thus both our efforts foon fubdue The mutton and potatoes too! When Phelim fwore, by Holy Mary, Not ev'n at Corke or Tipperary, Better potatoes, better mutton, Were e'er upon a table put-on. The lower and ad of Three quarts of nappy nogg we, then, Dispatch'd, like military men. 10100 and the last of the Good Phelim felt its mighty power; And fought his battles o'er and o'er!

While we our short-liv'd revel keep,
The sun goes posting to the deep:

And I had got to scamper o'er

A dozen miles of dreary moor.

"Phelim!" faid I, "we now must part."

"God bles," faid he, "your honest heart:

" In all my life I have not yet

"With a more jovial fellow met.—

"Are you a Catholic, my dear?"

I could not help but finiling, here;

And faying: "Would you like me lefs,

" Phelim, if I should now confess "
" That I'm a Presbyterian priest?"

" Nay, now," quoth Phelim, " that's a jest :

" For dev'l a grain of Presbyterian ! has a said sould

"Your manners or your looks you carry in "."

" Well, Phelim, be affur'd, in me

" A genuine Catholic you fee: de consupole b'lavient

" A Catholic without pranomen a flord slode in bath

" Of English, Irish, Greek, or Roman;

" Nay, more, I am ('tis not a jeft) iter won but

"Of the Church Catholic a priest." at a void and arall

On hearing this ('tis true, I tell) Down on his knees poor Phelim fell, and and against har

To beg a benison, and laid at an all the mount as milw

My hand upon his bended head.

" God bless thee, Phel!" faid I, " and fend

" Thee fafe unto thy journey's end : " al a ifer o'T

" And, on arrival, may't thou find deward I my only

"Thy friends alive, and country kind." Jist regular A.

Aling yet to another the to

<sup>\*</sup> Phelim must have derived his conjecture from some sour Presbyterian of Corke: for our English Presbyterians are as chearful and social as their neighbours.

We now divide; and both a-foot,

Pursue a very diff'rent route: Phelim his steps to Rowdham bent; And I the way of Wrethham went. Not far from Wrethham, by a rill, See a nilvi I fee a fight which makes me thrill With joy-'Tis Fox, the nation's pride: Who ne'er with courtly views comply'd, Against the public weal !- Tis He ... Who props the Fane of LIBERTY Trims her expiring lamp; and throws Confusion on her fellest foes! Whose large and penetrating foul and a large and to to to At once, prevades and fees the whole Of ev'ry object !- On whose tongue Unrival'd eloquence is hung you siled no origing A. And in whose breast unrival'd glows him bilodis ? A. Sweet fympathy for others woes 1

And, now, retir'd from town and court, and there he enjoys the rural sport, and colquboun:

With Bedford, Conway, and Colquboun:

And brings the painted pheafant down and an away.

With as much skill, as, in debate,

He mauls a minister of state!

From such a theme can I, my friend,

To tell a tale again descend?

And yet I have, by Jerom's beard,

A stranger tale, than yet you've heard,

Still to relate; if you can still

Suffer th' essuions of my quill.

Take que of Colker for our Sugar Proportion

## PART THIRD.

As I, from Wrethham, shap'd my way
To Buckinham, I chanc'd to stray:
And strolling on, at last I found
Myself on an inchanted ground.
It was a square, as I could guess,
Of thirty surlongs, more or less;
On which, tho' neither corn, nor trees,
Nor house, nor hut the trav'ler sees;
Yet never was so small a space
Peopled with a more num'rous race.

It has been faid by calculators,
(Whom we must credit in such matters)
That population's gen'ral plan
Allows an acre to a man.
But I am willing, now, to take
The strongest oath that men can make,
(Without the leave of Pope or Priest)
That ev'ry acre here, at least
Contains four hundred souls; or more:—
So that full sixteen thousand score
Of souls, must be the population
Of this well populated nation.

I wish, my Kit, I could describe
The manners of this wond'rous tribe,
Their language, laws, and polity,
Arts, manufactures, industry,
Et catera, et catera;
But all that I of them can fay,

Amoun

Amounts to this—they feem'd to me
A very timid race to be.
Perhaps my large gigantic fize
Might strike the pigmies with surprize:
Certain it is, when I drew near,
They fled as if possess'd with fear;
And so velocious is their flight,
That instantly they're out of sight.

Whether they own a despot-king,
Or any other despot-thing?
Or whether, like some other states,
They're rul'd by proud Aristocrates?
Or whether they be govern'd by
A petulant Democracy?
Or, if Britannia! like to thee,
They make a jumble of the three?
I could not learn.—Nor do I know
What arts they cultivate below:
For all their villages are found
To be constructed under ground.

If, there, polygamy prevail?
Or ev'ry female have her male?
Or if promiscuous union be
Permitted? 'tis unknown to me:
Though I suspect their marriage-rites
Are those of th' antient Troglodites:
With whom, in other things, they bear
Similitude of character.

Their fize is small, as hath been said, But not inelegantly made. A cubit's length, or nearly so, Is their whole height, from top to toe!

Their

Their skin, like Esau's, mantled is With hair; tho' not so dark as his. Some negroes, too, I could observe: But whether these be forc'd to serve Their sellow-browns, and sellow-greys? No author, I have met with, says. Yet, if from what, myself, I saw I may conjecture, there's no law Permitting grey-men to subdue Their brethren of a sable hue.

Whether this curious people speak Old Hebrew, Arabic, or Greek? Or whether, as we might expect, They talk a Danish dialect? I greatly wish'd to ascertain; But my endeavours were in vain. For tho' to them I often spoke, From them I never could provoke The smallest answer.—It may be They did not chuse to answer me, Though they could do it .- Thus, they fay, Some wily Welchmen, at this day, Although they have both ears to hear And tongues to speak, will yet forbear To any question to reply, Through fullen taciturnity: But shake their heads—as if to fay: " We understand you not: Good day!

I think, as far's I could perceive,
'Tis reasonable to believe
That these, like folks before the flood,
Subsist on vegetable food.

And,

And, yet, a rumour here prevails
That fome voracious glutton males
Not feldom, Saturn-like, devour
Their young ones; at their natal hour!
A goffip's tale, perhaps; but take it
As told to me—I did not make it.

It has, I know not why, been doubted If to religion they're devouted;
This much I can aver: One fees
Them frequently upon their knees;
Which is a fymtom, all agree,
Of the profoundest piety.

But whether nat'ral or reveal'd
Their credence be, is yet conceal'd
From us.—If their religious plan
Be Jewish or Mahometan?
Or if some Missioner from Rome
Have 'mong them clandestinely come,
And, in our penal laws' despight,
Shew'd them a glimpse of Gospel-light?
Or if, like Pagans heretofore,
They still dumb images adore;
Or, with the Persis, mounting high'r,
Adore the elemental sire;
Or, with Consucius, worship Fo?—
Of all this, Kit, we nothing know.

We're in the same uncertainty
If they have any Hierarchy?
Or if their simpler taste prefers
A church of equal Presbyters?
Or if no priests they have at all:
But ev'ry chiestain in his hall

Be, as of old, the only Flamen;
To whom his family fay "Amen?"

Those trav'lers who for certain tell us What is not so, are frontless fellows: And yet, I fear, not few there are, Who tell us things to make us stare; And, rather than have nought to say, Will siction in truth's garb array.

Painters and Poets, 'tis agreed,
Have got a licence to exceed
The bounds of strict veracity:
Their aim is vivid imag'ry!
But the historian who departs
From truth to paint with harlot arts
His subject, merits equal praise
With her, who in these shameless days,
Should on some all-believing ass
A strumpet for a virgin pass.

A traveller, like one of those,
Might here have told, if he had chose,
A thousand pretty little stories
About the people now before us:
Have crawl'd into their caves and seen
The palace of their king and queen!
Painted the portico and hall;
Describ'd the ball-room and the ball:
Told how, when such a prince was marry'd
A loyal dear address was carry'd
Up to the throne of Majesty,
By aldermen———and how that he,
Had been admitted, 'mong the band,
To kis the gracious Sov'reign's hand;

Perhaps,

Perhaps, in honour of the feast,

Been dubb'd—knight-batchelor at least!

Then he might tell, how debonair
And tempting were the courtly Fair;
What favours, if he had allow'd,
The girls on him would have bestow'd;
And what rare presents he obtain'd,
While in the country he remain'd!

Next had he trac'd those sons of earth Up to their manhood, from their birth : First, shewn by what obstetric aid The ladies, there, are brought to bed: How babes are swath'd, and circumcis'd; Or, if they're Christians, how baptis'd: How early youth are fent to College; What is their usual stock of knowledge: At what partic'lar age they wed; Who leads them to the bridal bed; How many wives a man may marry; What dow'ries women with them carry; And on what terms may husbands force Their wives away, by a divorce: Whether in their fepulchral rites, They follow Jews, or Moslemites; Chaldeans, Copts, or Maronites? Their language—is it old or young? A mother or a daughter tongue? Their letters-are they large or imall, Symbolic, or fyllabical, Or alphabetic i-Do they write From the left hand, or from the right:

Or perpendicularly guide Their pen, or reed-or aught beside? What is their learning? what their wit? Have they an orator like Pitt? A statesman-who can coin a work Equal to that of Edmund Burke? A poet who can match with Hayley? Such moralists—as Cooper, Payley? Critics—whom critics might compare With Weston, Pinkerton and Blair? Historians-who might dare presume To cope with Robertson and Hume? Biographers—whose pages shine, Bofwell! with anecdotes like thine? Divines-who fo divinely write As Madan, Milner, and the Wight Who hides his theologic fame Under a Talmudiftic name \* ? Preachers—who can a pulpit fill With dignity, like Rowland Hill? Polemics-who make fuch a stir As Horsley, Tatham, Whitaker? Their arts and sciences-Can they Cut capers? dance a roundelay, Or jig, or hornpipe? can they fwing Or on the tight or untight firing? Can they to wooden men give fpeech? Dogs, horses, hogs, and sparrows teach

To

<sup>\*</sup> The very learned, and very witty Rabbi Ben Yzakeer.

To reason?—Can their ladies ride
Three nags at once, and all astride?
Or have they Aftleys, who, for money,
Jump through a hogshead, on a poney?

Are they well vers'd in any part

Of the great culinary art;

And have the richer fort, perchance,

Their cooks from Italy or France?

A calipash or calipee,

Or even a tasty fricasee

Can they create?——Or (if indeed

They follow the Hindostan creed,

And eat of neither slesh nor sish)

Can they compose a sav'ry dish

Of grass and grain, and herbs and roots?

Can they conserve and comfit fruits?

Or make an omlette, on occasion,

To please—an eater by profession?

All this, I fay, and twenty-fold
As much as this I could have told;
And might the critics have defied
To prove in form—that I had lied;
Or might, if by the critics blam'd,
The privilege of bards have claim'd.

But I who, with a bard of fame,
Deem lies in profe and verse the same,
Disdain my story to embellish
With sictions; suited to the relish
Of their spoil'd taste, who have no liking
But to the wonderful and striking,
For you, my Kit, and such as you,
The simple truth, I trust, will do:

Therefore

Therefore expect not from my mouth Or from my pen-but simple truth, In fimple drefs .- 'Twas thus, I ween, (Whatever Plutarch, in his fpleen, May fay) that hist'ry's SIRE relates The facts and feats of antient dates. What he himself had heard, or seen ; Or what on brass and stone had been Recorded; or what he receiv'd From vouchers fit to be believ'd; He gives, with all distinction due, As curious, credible, or true: But if Egyptian priests (I fear Such priests have sometimes flourish'd here) Tell him a tale that feems to be Devoid of probability; He, like an honest man, declares He will not youch fuch dubious wares.

But to proceed—From this strange spot,

(The name of which I have forgot)

I turn my steps, in hopes to find

Some nation of another kind.

Nor vain my hope—for soon I trace

The footsteps of a larger race;

Which led me to their dwelling-place.

I mean their dwelling-place, that day:

For all the Norfolk people say,

That they're a true Tartarian tribe,

Whose wand'rings nought can circumscribe,

ore

H

Save

<sup>·</sup> Herodotus.

Save open force.—Yet please to know They're not a formidable foe: Tho' not of such a timid mien As the small folk I last had seen.

Nay, at one feason of the year,
Their males, 'tis said, are void of fear:
And were not most of these, ere they
Have seen their five-and-twentieth day,
Betray'd into a snare;—and then
Made—what Italians make of men:
All those, who know them best, agree,
That they a warlike race would be.—
But none, save Kings, are there allow'd
With nature's gifts to be endow'd.

These kings (I wish our kings so stern A useful lesson hence would learn)
Fight all their people's battles; and
In single combat dare to stand.
Nor ever will they quit the field,
Till one or t'other sov'reign yield.

Our fov'reigns take another way,
When they're dispos'd to make a fray.
They keep themselves from danger far,
And let their people wage the war!
Say ye, who 'venge the Rights of Man,
Which is the better, wifer plan?

But I digrefs.—This people rife In height, above a monkey's fize Of the first rate; and have a shape More elegant than any ape.

Rare is their hue-—for they unite The two extremes of black and white! No Moor of the Nigritian race
Had ever yet a blacker face:
No whiter body can be shown
At th' Artic, or antartic Zone.
And what's more strange (tho' certain) yet
Their arms and legs are partly jet,
And partly alabaster pure
'Tis naked truth, I you assure.

What time they came into this nation?
Or from what fort of copulation
At first they sprang, I cannot tell;
This much is certain, here they dwell
In numerous hordes—and, in my mind,
Greatly surpass our proper kind.
Three thousand souls are often seen
Encamp'd together on a green.

What of their character I learn'd
From others, or myfelf discern'd,
I now will tell you.—First of all,
Each sultan here, both great and small,
Keeps a seraglio: whence I draw,
They follow the Moslemic law.

Their ladies feldom fail to bring,

Early in each revolving fpring,

One child at least: nor is it rare

For younger wives to bring a pair:

Nay, some prolific ones, I hear,

Will teem with young ones twice a year.

Their births are easy: for I'm told, That, like the Hebrew wives of old, Whene'er the pains of labour come, By day, by night, abroad, at home,

H 2

They

They lay themselves, without malheur, Nor ever call an accoucheur.

No mothers here (that human curse)
Send out their innocents to nurse:
But with a true parental care
They suckle ev'ry child they bear.

Their children thrive, and, it appears, Arrive at manhood in two years:
They reach their prime at five or four; At twelve their term of life is o'er.
Though, fuch the havoc yearly made Among them by the butcher's blade, Few, few there are, who ever fee That period of longevity.

They are a hardy race, and bear
To fleep all night in open air.
In winter-days they never ftir
Without a roquelaure of fur:
But, in the month of May they throw
It quite afide and naked go.

Their intellects by fome have been Call'd mean, and even lefs than mean ?
But I'm inclined to think, that they
Who will observe them, night and day,
Shall find their little heads contain
A deal of intellectual brain.

For, first, no people e'er was found Who better knew to chuse their ground

<sup>\*</sup> See Buffon.

For an encampment. If a fpot
More dry than others can be got,
More shelter'd from tempestuous wind,
More to the rising sun inclin'd,
Remoter from infectious air—
They never fail to harbour there.

Their camps are form'd with art and skill,
No person pitches at his will;
But each according to his rank,
Or in the front or in the slank.
First in the safest central space
Their children and their wives they place;
The weak, most liable to fear,
Are fitly station'd in the rear;
A stouter and less timid band
On either side take up their stand,
The post of honour, the reward
Of chiefest worth, the chieftains guard,

But if attack'd and forc'd to flee,
Another form you quickly fee:
The front becomes the rear; and they
Who fafe behind the leaders lay,
Make the first move, and take the lead:
The women follow; then succeed
The closing wings; when these are past,
The chieftains flee the very last;
Ev'n in their flight they face the foe,
And sometimes give a deadly blow:
And tho' they're generally beat,
They oft atchieve a safe retreat.
Could great Cornwallis, pray, do more,
When he retir'd to Bangalore?

A fort of kettle-drum directs
Their march; and not a foul neglects
Its warning found; but all pursue
The route to which it give's the cue.
Not Gallia's senate to the knell
Of their presiding member's bell
Are more obsequious.—Does it hence
Appear, that they're devoid of sense?

Behold another quality!

They're great adepts in Botany.

Not Dioscorides himself
(Although a very knowing elf)

Could segregate with greater heed
The wholesome plant from noxious weed—
And if at times they're taken in

By luxury, (the source of sin)

They soon repent, and search around,
Till they an antidote have found.

Is this a sign of folly? say
Ye who eat poison every day,
Without remorse—yet never budge
In quest of a venenifuge.

Another science, I am told,
They, to a great persection, hold:
That science, Kit! which you and I
Admire—the science of the sky!
It is on record, and can be
Prov'd to conviction, that they see
Farther into th' ethereal sphere
Than any Philomathés here.
Were the great Partridge to return
To life, he would, in anger, burn

His almanacks; and fairly fay, He knew not half fo much as they.

There's yet one more qualification Belonging to this curious nation; Which, tho' it cannot merit praise In these pure philosophic days; Yet in a well-known Grecian state Was held in estimation great. I mean, with Spartan art to steal! Yet artfully the theft conceal!

- " Such sciences (it will be faid)
- " Cannot be possibly convey'd
- " From race to race, from fire to fon
- " Without fome language?" They have one.

I've often heard them speak-and tho'

Not many tones they feem to know,

This only proves their speech to be

Distinguish'd by simplicity.

And hence I guess, it must be sprung

From the primeval mother-tongue.

Nay, those who deem not fabulous

The story of Psammetichus,

Will have a bias to believe,

It is the language primitive.

But hear the story. Great debates

Were carried on by ancient states,

Who were the eldest sons of earth,

And first to vocal founds gave birth?

At length a wife Egyptian king

Found means to ascertain the thing.

Two

Two new-born babes he took, and gave I To a most trusty shepherd-slave; With strict command to feed and keep The infants, as he did his sheep:
Save that he was allow'd, instead
Of grass, to give them butter'd bread:
But if he speak ——off comes his head!

"Well, and what then!" you'll fay.—Why, then!
Thou stupid girl! is it not plain,
That the first word which they will utter
Must be the name of bread—or batter.
Now mark th' event.—With watchful ear.
The patient shepherd waits to hear
Their first articulate essay:—
When happ'ning, on a certain day,
To bring their meal an hour too late,
(For so th' Egyptian priests relate)
The hungry elves, when they him spy'd,
Bêk, Bêkkos, + both together cry'd.

The fwain, however, nothing faid, But fev'ral other trials made:

When

<sup>\*</sup> Some fay that he committed them to two nurses; whose tongues he had previously ordered to be cut out. But who will believe that any king, and especially so gallant a king as Psam, metichus, would be guilty of so unmanly a cruelty?—Vide Herodot. Euterpe.

<sup>†</sup> The last syllable of this word is only the Greek termination. The original word is  $b\hat{e}k$  or rather  $b\hat{e}g$ : and this, with a fomewhat more guttural inflection, is actually the most common word, among the people I am now describing.

When, last as first, he always found His ears invaded by the found Of bekkos .- To the king he goes, And briefly tells him all he knows. The king defires to have them brought Before himself .- This, quick as thought, Is done-when, lo! foon as they fpy Their feeder's face, they jointly cry Bêk, bêk, bêk, bêkkos !- Says the king: " This is a very wondrous thing:

- " And, now, a place we only want
- " Where bekkos is fignificant."-
- "That place I know," a courtier faid,

" Bekkos in Phrygia, fire ! means bread." The proof demonstrative was deem'd; And hence the Phrygians were effeem'd The first of all the speaking kind. Tho' if a sceptic had a mind To controvert the point, he might Warmly dispute the Phrygians' right To the first language—and ascribe That honour to this blatant tribe.

That these were first created, we Know from the first authority ... Why might not then their speech preceed The speech of a posterior breed? Befides, all Gloffarists will grant It is to nature confonant, That the primordial founds of speech Would not beyond one breathing reach, And hence the shorter, simpler found Must also be the prior found.

Now

<sup>\*</sup> See Genefis, chap. I. ver. 25.

Now any man may pledge his neck,

That bêh's a simpler sound than bêk.—

And bêh and mêh, and mêh and bêh,

Is all these solks are heard to say.

But I this subject now must leave,

And, henceforth, to my Journal cleave.

Elev'n long furlongs I had yet
To travel—and the fun was fet;
But Luna, with becoming grace,
Supply'd her absent brother's place;
And with her lamp illum'd the way,
Which now direct before me lay.

" Ah! had I but my kittens three

" To tramp this road along with me,

"Ye gods! how happy should I be."
I faid; and call'd to mind that ev'n
When, under the wide cope of heav'n,
Anna, Maria, and Thyself,
('Thou little fweet bewitching elf!)
Gambol'd around me, on the green,
As fairies gambol round their queen,

Musing on this—and other things,
Which fancy to rememb'rance brings,
I imperceptibly arrive
At Buckinham—three-fourths past five:
With appetite (as I'm a sinner)
To eat and drink a second dinner.

No toasts are given—Yet I, by stealth, Will drink my CATHERINA's health:
And pray that ev'ry meed that's giv'n
To virtuous minds by bounteous Heav'n,
May ever, ever her attend!
And, here, my tedious TALE shall end.

## The EPILOGUE.

MY Muse and my Metre I thought to have dropp'd, At Buckinham-house when I latterly stopp'd; But the wanton Thalia maintains it is rude So very abruptly a Tale to conclude:
And says that my Journal will nothing avail, If there be not an Epilogue tagg'd to its tail.
So I, CATHERINA! who never refuse An implicit obedience to pay to a Muse, Remounting my racer, will dash o'er the plain, 'Till I come to my garret in London again.

But, first, I must tell you, before I depart
From Buckinham-house (with a forrowful heart)
How things go on there.—Although why need I tell
To you, what yourself may conjecture so well?
From Essex to Norfolk transfer but the scene;
'Tis the same occupation, amusement, routine:
Where ev'ry one aims at convenience and ease,
And all are dispos'd to be pleas'd, and to please.

My LORD, when the weather compels him to spare The lives of the pheasant, the partridge and hare, Sits studying and writing, through mere inclination, As hard as we authors, who write by profession. And if thus he continue long time—I forecast That he'll actually end in an author, at last.

My LADY is also a reader so great,
That she's vers'd in the story of every state:
Knows all that the Scythian traveller knew,
And things, he was ignorant of, not a few;

1 2

Is as well acquainted, and as much at home In Athens, in Sparta, in Carthage, in Rome, As in York or in London; and quaintly can tell What here, there, or any where, ever befell ! Nor is the a stranger to Euclid's deep lore : Of theorems and problems the knows a full fcore; Can pentagons, heptagons, decagons too, Draw equally perfect, and measure as true, As Clavins, or Barrow, or Newton could do! Our poets, from Chaucer to Churchill, I fee, Are familiar to her, as the Bible's to me! But as for her Latin and Greek, I'm afraid, They have not funk deep in her ladyship's head; And unless the proceed, in her Accidence, faster, She'll never do credit, I ween, to her master. So henceforth, my trust, as a tutor, must be Entirely repos'd, CATHERINA! in THEE. But if THOU, too, should baulk me-I never again Will Latin or Greek, to a woman explain.

And, now, for the KITTENS.—I'm happy to fay,
They're nearly as playful, and pleafant, and gay,
As when you and I faw them last.—Yet, it appears,
They're growing in wisdom, as growing in years;
And growing in beauty.—The nose of our Ann
Gets nigh to perfection's original plan:
For know, CATHERINA! when woman was born,
I mean, from the side of her yoke-fellow torne;
The nose was by far the most beautiful feature
That adorn'd the sweet face of the new-fashion'd creature.
But when, hark'ning, alas! to the voice of a snake,
That apple forbidden she ventur'd to take,

Her

Her form was disfigur'd (the Rabbis suppose) And a part of the punishment fell on her nofe: Hence, rarely we find in the face of a Fair A nose that completely comes up to the square. Have you ever yet feen one-that was not or crooked, Or flatten'd, or bottled, or turn'd-up, or booked; Too large, or too little, too fort, or too long; In a word—that had nothing about it, was wrong? Not ten, I believe, fince the world first began Had less imperfection than that of our ANN. From which I conclude, that on HER but a finall Share of fin was entailed by her grand-mother's fall. And yet, that she's faultless, I cannot well think: This moment, the chode me for spilling her ink! And when Henneage distrubs or her pencil, or paint, She shows that she's no canonizable faint. Nay once, if not oft'ner, I plight you my troth, I heard her pronounce the one half of an oath .-But I will not the faibles of Fair ones expose: If Anna have any-pray, look at her nose!

MARIA shoots up, like an offer beside

A clear running stream—and must soon be a bride,
If our beaux have a spark of discernment to trace
The charms of her mind in the charms of her face.
Not the Shulamites's self, in the bloom of her age,
(When her charms could the wisest of mortals engage
To carrol her praise—and to weave, for his Love,
The splendidest garland that ever was wove)
Had, if we may guess from the picture he drew,
A finer proportion, size, sigure or hue.
To be brief—In Maria, I fancy, I see
A second edition There kmarks ! of thee.

But who is it calls? "Sir! my Lord and my Lady"
Are gone to Newmarket—and Henneage is ready

" To follow—he waits at the gate, Sir! for you."

Is it fo-Then THALIA! and METRE! adieu!

Through Bruntwel, and Brandon, and Barton we drove As fast as the thunderbolt issues from Jove. And, now, at Newmarket, we rattle and roll

From the goal to the post, from the post to the goal:
Such rattling, such rolling, such winding and wheeling;
Such jolting, such jerking, such rocking and recling;
Such galloping, curveting, cap'ring and cutting;
Such swearing, such staring, such stalking and struting;
Such roaring, such boreing, such clamour, such strife,
I never beheld—all the days of my life.

We dined at the Stag's-head—when dinner was done,
We (Henneage\* and I) by the light of the moon
Drove on to a rascally village—O Lord!
It's name I have lost—but it ends with a ford t—
Where a wretched bad bed, and a room full of sinoke,
(Sufficient a horse, or a camel, to choak)
Depriv'd me of sleep, and of sense—for, next morn,
I ne'er was so dull—since the day I was born.
'Twas luckily Sunday—a day of repose—
So I doze and I pray, and I pray and I doze,
Till to Oak-hill we come—where with biscuit, and beer,
And bacon, my heart I endeavour to cheer:

In

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Henneage's brother was also in the Chaife, although I could not easily put him in my Rhyme.

Perhaps Chefterford.

## A NORFOLK TALE.

In vain I endeavour—and never shall reckon, In suture, a cordial, beer, biscuit, and bacon. Through Thortford, and Harlow, and Epping we drive, And get to dear London—sive minutes past sive.

And now I must rambling and rhyming give o'er, And, from morning to evening, on Polyglotts pore: Count sentences, verses, words, syllables, letters; And patiently wear typographical setters—
Mayst thou, Catharina! no setters e'er prove, Save those of Religion—and Friendship—and Love!

THE END.

A ROBIOLE PALES

I constructed with the large con at and hor pickling to be and erins on grant time of the last to stope a state of the s

copering the last service there is a submar

18. Av. 68.

. Jungar's and on landant of the Die Twish box - payont a box - or state the lotter